Client Alert Commentary

<u>Latham & Watkins Executive Compensation, Employment & Benefits Practice</u>

January 3, 2022 | Number 2918

Reminder: Employers Must Report 2021 ISO and ESPP Transactions

Deadlines are approaching for employers to report last year's employee exercises of incentive stock options and employee stock purchase plan purchases.

Corporations that offer incentive stock options (ISOs) or maintain a tax-qualified employee stock purchase plan (ESPP) have an obligation to file returns with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) and to deliver information statements to employees and former employees regarding the acquisition of shares under such arrangements. These filing obligations are intended to provide employees and former employees with sufficient information to enable them to calculate their tax obligations.

How are the reporting requirements satisfied?

The IRS has issued two forms (and instructions): Form 3921 is used to report ISO exercises, and Form 3922 is used for ESPP share purchases. A separate form must be provided and filed for each exercise or purchase during the calendar year. So, for example, if an employee exercised multiple ISO awards during a calendar year, the employee must receive a copy of Form 3921 for each exercise, and the corporation will be required to make multiple return filings with the IRS.

What must be included in the returns and information statements?

The applicable form is used for both the return and information statement (filing Copy A of the applicable form with the IRS, providing Copy B to the employee or former employee, and retaining Copy C for the corporation's records).

- Form 3921: Returns and Information Statements Related to ISOs. The information corporations must report on Form 3921 with respect to ISO exercises includes:
 - The name, address, and taxpayer identification number of the corporation transferring the shares (and the corporation whose shares are being transferred, if different)
 - The name, address, and taxpayer identification number of the employee or former employee to whom the shares are transferred
 - The grant date, exercise price per share, date of exercise, fair market value per share on the date of exercise, and the number of shares acquired upon exercise of the ISO

Latham & Watkins operates worldwide as a limited liability partnership organized under the laws of the State of Delaware (USA) with affiliated limited liability partnerships conducting the practice in France, Hong Kong, Italy, Singapore, and the United Kingdom and as an affiliated partnership conducting the practice in Japan. Latham & Watkins operates in South Korea as a Foreign Legal Consultant Office. Latham & Watkins works in cooperation with the Law Office of Salman M. Al-Sudairi in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Under New York's Code of Professional Responsibility, portions of this communication contain attorney advertising. Prior results do not guarantee a similar outcome. Results depend upon a variety of factors unique to each representation. Please direct all inquiries regarding our conduct under New York's Disciplinary Rules to Latham & Watkins LLP, 885 Third Avenue, New York, NY 10022-4834, Phone: +1.212.906.1200. © Copyright 2022 Latham & Watkins. All Rights Reserved.

- Form 3922: Returns and Information Statements Related to ESPPs. The information employers must report on Form 3922 with respect to ESPP share purchases includes:
 - The name, address, and federal identification number of the corporation whose shares were purchased
 - The name, address, account number (if applicable),¹ and taxpayer identification number of the employee or former employee purchasing the shares
 - The initial offering date under the ESPP for the shares, the fair market value per share on the initial offering date, the purchase price paid per share, the purchase date, the fair market value per share on the purchase date, the date the legal title to the shares was acquired by the employee or former employee, and the number of shares purchased
 - These requirements apply only to the first transfer of such shares (including if directly into a brokerage account at a broker or other financial institution). The corporation is required to identify the shares purchased under an ESPP in a manner sufficient to enable the accurate reporting of the transfer of record title of such shares.

How are the information statements delivered to employees and former employees?

Copy B of the form is provided as the information statement and may be sent electronically or by mail to the employee's or former employee's last known address, or it may be delivered in person. Forms may be delivered electronically only with the person's consent and in accordance with other specified procedures.

What is the deadline?

The deadline for furnishing Copy B of Forms 3921 and 3922 to the employee or former employee for ISO exercises or ESPP shares purchased during 2021 is January 31, 2022.

The deadline for filing Copy A of Forms 3921 and 3922 with the IRS depends on whether the returns are required to be filed electronically or manually. Corporations that are filing 250 or more copies of Form 3921 or 3922 (and these forms are considered separately for purposes of determining whether the 250-form threshold has been met) must file Copy A of the forms electronically through the IRS FIRE system. The deadline for electronic filings is March 31, 2022. Corporations filing fewer forms can elect to file either manually or electronically, but manual filings must be made by February 28, 2022. An automatic 30-day extension of time to file Copy A of Forms 3921 and 3922 may be requested by completing Form 8809 no later than the due date of the return. An extension to furnish Copy B of Forms 3921 and 3922 to employees or former employees may also be requested from the IRS.

Are there penalties for noncompliance?

The Internal Revenue Code imposes a penalty of between US\$50 and US\$280 for each statement that is not timely and/or correctly filed (with the penalty increasing within that range depending on the degree of delay beyond the deadline), up to an aggregate annual limit of US\$3,426,000. If an employer intentionally fails to provide a required statement or the correct information on the statement, the penalty is a minimum of US\$570 per statement, with no maximum penalty. These penalties will apply separately for the information statement to be provided to the employee or former employee and the return to be filed with the IRS. If a corporation fails to provide both, the penalties and cap are doubled. Smaller penalties apply to "small businesses" (generally those that have average annual gross receipts of US\$5 million or less for the three most recent tax years (or for the period in existence, if shorter) ending before the calendar year in which the information returns were due).

Are there any exceptions?

Yes. A filing is not required for:

- Non-resident aliens
- Anyone to whom the corporation is not required to provide a Form W-2 for any calendar year within
 the time period beginning with the first day of the calendar year in which the option was granted to the
 employee and ending on the last day of the calendar year in which the employee exercised the option
 or purchased the shares

Further, penalties will not apply to any failure that the corporation can show was due to reasonable cause and not willful neglect.

Are there any other reporting requirements related to incentive stock options and ESPP shares?

The reporting obligations described above are in addition to any reporting obligations that arise upon the disqualifying disposition of shares acquired under either an ISO or an ESPP, or upon the exercise of an option that does not qualify as an ISO. In particular, the IRS generally requires that the income of an employee from a disqualifying disposition of shares acquired under either an ISO or an ESPP be reported on Form W-2 as "other compensation" in order for the corporation to take a federal income tax deduction for the amount of income recognized by the employee upon a disqualifying disposition, as well as to satisfy the corporation's reporting obligations.

Upon the exercise of options that are not ISOs, the positive difference between the fair market value per share on the date of exercise and the exercise price is includible in the holder's income and is reported on Form W-2 in the case of employees or, Form 1099-MISC in the case of non-employees, along with appropriate withholding.

Where can employers find Forms 3921 and 3922?

The forms discussed in this *Client Alert* can be found online (see the following hyperlinks for information purposes only):

- Copy of Form 3921
- Copy of Form 3922
- Detailed instructions on the filing requirements of such forms

Only an official printed version of Forms 3921 and 3922 can be scanned by the IRS and used by employers filing manually. Downloaded copies that are printed and filed with the IRS cannot be scanned by the IRS and, therefore, may not be used for filing with the IRS. A penalty may be imposed for filing information return forms with the IRS that cannot be scanned.

Form 3921 can be filled out on the <u>IRS' Forms</u>, <u>Instructions & Publications webpage</u> and Copy A can be printed and filed with the IRS using <u>Form 1096</u>. Official IRS information returns can be ordered online from the <u>IRS' Order Forms & Publications webpage</u> or by calling the IRS at 1-800-TAX-FORM (829-3676).

If you have questions about this *Client Alert*, please contact one of the authors listed below or the Latham lawyer with whom you normally consult:

Holly M. Bauer

holly.bauer@lw.com +1.858.523.5482 San Diego

Ashley E. Wagner

ashley.wagner@lw.com +1.650.470.4873 Silicon Valley

Sara Schlau

sara.schlau@lw.com +1.714.755.8135 Orange County

The authors would like to thank Mario Natalio Moreno for his contribution to this Client Alert.

You Might Also Be Interested In

Webcast: Designing and Administering Executive and Director Compensation in Today's Challenging Environment

Webcast: 2022 Proxy Season: Strategically Preparing for the Upcoming Season

10 Employer Obligations Required by OSHA's COVID-19 Vaccine-or-Test Mandate

Resources for Boards

Client Alert is published by Latham & Watkins as a news reporting service to clients and other friends. The information contained in this publication should not be construed as legal advice. Should further analysis or explanation of the subject matter be required, please contact the lawyer with whom you normally consult. The invitation to contact is not a solicitation for legal work under the laws of any jurisdiction in which Latham lawyers are not authorized to practice. A complete list of Latham's Client Alerts can be found at www.lw.com. If you wish to update your contact details or customize the information you receive from Latham, visit.our.subscriber.page.

Endnotes

An account number is required only if the employer has multiple accounts for the employee for whom it is filing multiple Forms 3922. In the instructions to Form 3922, the IRS encourages filers to include an account number on all Form 3922 filings.